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The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

No. 17, 1912.

號五廿六八年八百九千九百一十五英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1912.

午戌大歲年七國民譯中

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month.

THORNE'S
OLD VAT
No. 4.

SCOTCH WHISKY.
SOLE AGENTS.
A. S. WATSON & CO. LTD.
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG
TEL. 616.



NOTICE.

A NY EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or INDIAN desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the General Police Station between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily. Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers. All persons, with certain exceptions, who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE 1912. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations. The Penalty for non compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO
WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARE OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.
TOTAL Funds at Six December, 1912.
£23,970,367.
I—Authorized Capital £6,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000
Paid-up Capital £2,457,500
II—Funds... 3,837,047
III—Life & Annuity Funds... 17,587,550
Sinking Fund Account... 128,250
£23,970,367

Revenue Fire Branch... £2,331,458
" Life and Annuity " 2,141,588
Revenue Marine Department... 337,233
Other Receipts... 473,940
£26,338,228

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested and by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOME & CO.,
Agents.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.
TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m....Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 5.00 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS.
8.30 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m.
p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

7.30 a.m. SUNDAYS
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m....Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 5.30 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
6.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS

Extra Car at 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, Des Vaux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time tables, but not for special cars can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No Season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Compradore order representing Bank Note.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

TANG YUK DENTON, successor
to the late SIEU TING,
14, FAUCILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Commission free.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels,
Steel Building Work of every Description,
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 9 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

Sailings—To Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.) and 2 p.m. (Sundays 1 p.m.).

From Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Toms, Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.



BY APPOINTMENT.

WATSON'S PYERIS.

REGISTERED.

An exact reproduction of a well-known Spa at half the price.
Blends perfectly with Spirits, especially Whisky.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing,
Drink deep or touch not the Elysian Spring,
There shallow drafts intoxice the Brain
And drinking deeply sobers us again." — Pope.

Pints 90 cts. Per Doz.
Splits 60 "

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS

"NESTOR"
SANITARY FLUID.

RELIABLE DISINFECTANT.

Two table spoonfuls to a gallon of water for washing floors, &c., is most useful for the destruction of Fleas.

Per Pint Tin... 50 cents.
Per Gallon Tin... \$2.50.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY,
33, Queen's Road Central.
Telephone 298.

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS

CHANDLER
HUDSON
AND
OVERLAND
MOTOR
CARS

SILENT
GREY
HARLEY
DAVIDSON
MOTOR
CYCLES

TELEPHONE 482.

COME AND INSPECT

BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND
1" to 15"
CIRCUMFERENCE

CABLE LAID
5" to 15"
CIRCUMFERENCE

4 STRAND
8" to 10"
CIRCUMFERENCE

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to

Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Managers.

London, April 11, 1912.

BUSINESS NOTICES

TAIKOO DOCKYARD.

BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY

OF HONGKONG LTD.

AGENTS—

BUTTERFIELD & SWINE

—TELEGRAPHIC ADD.—

TAIKOO DOCK

—TELEGRAPHIC ADD.—

—TELEPHONE 42-31—

—TELEGRAMS—

INTIMATIONS

THE HONGKONG STEEL FOUNDRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

THE EIGHTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company, will be held at the Company's Office, St. George Building, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd July, 1918, at 11.30 A.M., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the General Managers and Statement of Accounts for the year 1917-18. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 24th June to 3rd July, 1918, both days inclusive.

GORDON & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, June 24, 1918. " 645

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

JUNKET

Cannot be excelled with tinned or fresh stewed fruit
COULOMMIER CHEESE.
COTTAGE CHEESE.
Nourishing and ideal food
DEVONSHIRE CREAM
Can always be had.
We supply Junket Tablets on application.

58

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.
ALL ELECTRIC TRAIN Power, Electricity, Fans and Lighting, European Baths and Sanitary Fixtures, Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.

TELEPHONE 373
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS,
"VICTORIA." J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

VICTORIA CAFE, LTD.
24a Des Voeux Road Central
Telephone No. 2857.
We guarantee the quality of our
Bread and Cakes.
We use the highest grade of materials
in their Manufacture.

387

"REGAL"

RECORDS

712 (Another Little Drink
If you were the only Girl.)

739 (A Broken Doll
Keep the Kettle Boiling, Mary.)

747 (They didn't believe me
They had to swim back to the
Shore.)

729 (A Perfect Day
Somewhere a Voice.)

745 (The Syncopated Walk
(The Minstrel Parade.)

THE ANDERSON MUSIC
CO., LTD.

TEL. 1322.

PATELL & CO.

ORIENTAL PRODUCE
EXPORTERS,
SILK MERCHANTS,
COMMISSION AGENTS.

Agencies in
NEW YORK,
SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.
Branches—

CANTON,
SHANGHAI,
YOKOHAMA,
BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE: KING'S BUILDINGS
HONGKONG.

FOR
Household Economy

USE
HOME-GROWN
Vegetables.

GRACA & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Flower and Vegetable
Seeds, Postage Stamps,
Post Cards, &c.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET,
HONGKONG.

1924

WAI KEE
FLAG & SAILMAKER,
No. 123, Des Voeux Road Central,
Top Floor,
HONGKONG.

Telephone No. 1833.

SAVARESSES
SANTAL
CAPSULES
PHYSICIAN'S RECOMMENDED FORM
OF AN OINTMENT. MADE IN A
SPECIAL LABORATORY.

PRICES \$1.25 and \$2.25

Address Enquiries to the China Mail.

Telephone No. 1833.



Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.

TROPIETORS
"Po-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used
Bentley's
A. B. C. & 3rd Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"MENIN" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

WEDNESDAY,
the 26th June, 1918, at 11 a.m.,
at No. 4 Carnarvon Villas,
Carnarvon Road, Kowloon,

SUNDAY
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.,
contained therein,
including—

PIANO (Baby Grand by Beulhoff)
in good condition.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
On view from Tuesday, the 25th
at 3 p.m.

TERMS.—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, June 22, 1918.

INTIMATIONS



MITSUBISHI SHOJI
KAISHA, LTD.

(Mitsubishi Trading Co.)
COAL, GENERAL IMPORTS AND
EXPORTS.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
TAKASHIMA, OCHI, MUTABE,
KISHIDAE, YOSHINOTANI,
HOJO, NAMAZU, SAWO, KANADA,
SHINNEW, KAMIYAMADA, BIWA,
and OYUBARI COAL MINES.

AGENTS FOR SAKITO COAL

Head Office:—TOKYO.

Branches and
Representatives:—

Nagasaki, Karatsu, Wakamatsu, Moji,
Kure, Kobe, Osaka, Tsuruga, Nagoya,
Yokohama, Tokyo, Hakodate, Muroran,
Otaru, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin,
Tairen, Tsinanfu, Hankow, Shanghai,
Taipai, Hongkong, Canton, Haiphong,
Manila, Singapore, Calcutta, London,
and New York.

Cable Address:

Hongkong: "IWASAKI".

Canton, Haiphong: "IWASAKISAI".

Codes:—A. B. C. 5th Ed.

Western Union and Bentley's.

Agency for:—THE OSAKA MARINE
& FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

LTD., OSAKA.

For Particulars, apply to—

MR. S. KAWATE, Manager.

No. 14, PEDDER STREET, HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

WEDNESDAY,
the 26th June, 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

AN ASSORTMENT OF
HOUSEHOLD LINENS, &c.,

Comprising—

Scooped Pillow Cases, Sheets, and
Bed Quilts, Single and Double Plain and
Hemstitched Sheets, Pillow Cases, White
Satin Quilts, Table Cloths, Pure Linen
Damask Serviettes, Bath Sheets, Bath
Towels, Turkish Towels, Glass Cloths,
&c., &c., &c.

TERMS.—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, June 22, 1918.

559

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

WEDNESDAY,
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2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
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Scooped Pillow Cases, Sheets, and
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Satin Quilts, Table Cloths, Pure Linen
Damask Serviettes, Bath Sheets, Bath
Towels, Turkish Towels, Glass Cloths,
&c., &c., &c.

TERMS.—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, June 22, 1918.

559

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WEDNESDAY,
the 26th June, 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD
FURNITURE, BRASS AND TEAK
TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS,
CARPETS, &c., &c.,

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD GOODS,

As follows:—

Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas (new),
Card Tables, Upholstered Suites, &c.,
Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double
Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads,
Teak & Twin Bedsteads, Sideboards,
Dinner Wagons, Extension Dining
Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional
Tables, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery
Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery,
Toilet Sets, &c., Bath Room Utensils,
Sundry Electro-plated Ware.

Electric Reading Lamps, Black wood
and Teakwood Screens, Blackwood
Furniture, including large Blackwood
Screen, Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, &c.,
Engravings, Pictures, Kinkosha
and Brass Vases, &c., &c., Tea-nets
and Net, Several Carpets new and
second-hand.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

TERMS.—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, June 22, 1918.

549

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

STEAMER—Chinese Flag—Steel
built, Engine and Boiler, in good
condition—Capable of carrying 900
passenger and 140 tons cargo. Speed
eleven knots. Price \$360,000 H.K.
currency, prompt delivery.

Full particulars on application.

Address WING HING,

C/o "CHINA MAIL" Office

Hongkong, June 22, 1918.

549

THE ETERNAL NO.

LORD LEVERHULME ON THE
ONLY PEACE POSSIBLE.

[By HAROLD ERICSON IN THE "DAILY
CHRONICLE"]

"For, properly, as many men as there
are in a Nation who can witness see
Heaven's invisible Justice, and know it
to be on Earth also omnipotent, so many
men are there who stand between a
Nation and perdition. So many, and no
more." "Past and Present."

What differences has the tremendous
fact of the Russian peace made to our
position? What difference has it made
to the opinion expressed by Lord Lever-
hulme a few months ago that we must
dig our heels in and onslaught the Germans?

These questions I have put to him
and here is a record of our conversation,
which, I may say, took place a few days
before the great German offensive was
launched.

You mean to say that the Russian
Peace has made no difference to your
attitude?"

"No difference at all, except to
strengthen it. Now, listen. I will ask you
a question. Has the Russian double-deal
modified any of your ideals in this war,
or given you a kinder view of German
character?"

For the moment I faltered with this
question.

"But you really mean that we must
go on fighting, however long it takes?"

"How long do you think it will take?"

"Of course."

From three to five years more: I
don't see how it can be less."

And you can contemplate three to
five more years of this awful tragedy?"

I can contemplate anything rather
than the knelling down of the Anglo-
Saxons to the Germans. That would
be eternal disgrace. We should never
survive it. It would be our ruin."

But the financial question, it is
another . . ."

My opinion is that finance will give us
step up. I don't care how big our debt
may be; we can shoulder it. Our finance
won't stop us. But I am a little sus-
picious about bankers. Of course, it's
only a guess, I don't know, but I can't
help thinking a banker must have been
talking to Lord Lansdowne before he
wrote those letters. Bankers are as timid
as rabbits. I have noticed that, all my
life, sooner does a man fall ill than
they fly to their lodgers, thinking he's
going to die, to see how much he owes
them. They are almost all like that—
extraordinarily timid. It's very curious,
but they seldom have the courage which
is essential to enterprise of any magni-
tude. But finance won't step up. This
is how I look at it. Our debt after finish-
ing off the Napoleonic menace was eight
hundred millions. It is calculated that
our national wealth is now tenfold what
it was then. I say it is a hundredfold.
Think of the discoveries which have been
made since Waterloo. We mine for coal
at an infinitely greater depth. Our
modern mining for all minerals is a
revolution. Then think of the revolution,
equally great, in chemistry, trans-
port, agriculture, marketing—in fact,
everything. Then think of the present
extents of the British Empire. Tenfold!

I say the national wealth, at the very
least, is a hundredfold greater than it was
in Napoleon's day. We shall shoulder
our debt.

* * *

I came back to his question. I said
to him: "The Russian peace has cer-
tainly made it harder for those who be-
lieve in negotiations."

"I ask myself," he said, "this ques-
tion: Has the Russian smash affected the

German's—can you think of it?"—means
surrender of this faith. It does really.

It would be the peace of the trickster,
the swindler. We should have no ideals.

We should be the meanness-spirited race
engaged under heaven. There'd be no
man left in England. There'd be no
nothing left, the man to make his
worth living. There'd be only one
big thing left: the sword. Only one
turns up at the end of them hungry but
otherwise none the worse.

"Some such thoughts must be passing
through the minds of decent Germans.
I mean, they, too, must be saying, 'How
can we negotiate without incurring
eternal disgrace?'

"That doesn't alter the facts."

"No; but the difficulty is, who will be
the first to make peace?"

"That's my point. He who first says
let us make peace, is the man whose
faith and philosophy have failed. It is
to be our faith, or his? Germany's our code
of honour, or his? This War can only
end in one of the belligerents saying,

"I've had enough. That's the only
end mark that, if freedom is to exist
in the world, it has got to be the
Germans who say it." And the English
will say, "Well, surrender to the
Germans!"

Do you doubt who will be first?

We've got the whole Anglo-Saxon world
massed against the German's code of
honour. Let him trample on unarmed
Russia; let him do what he will in
Northern France. Against him are the
nations of the earth. Against him is the
spirit of Anglo-Saxon manhood. Against
him is the eternal No, which all men
and all nations most sometimes say if
they are not to go into slumber and
bondage. Peace will be good when it
comes, only if it is the vindication of
man's faith in honesty, decency, and
liberty. We mustn't make a god of
Peace. Russia's right should prevent
that insatiable. There's only one Peace
worth having, and that is the Peace
which leaves all civilised nations free
and unfried.

* * *

You are still confident we can't
last the German?"

"Absolutely confident. My confidence
in our victory is the measure of my
confidence in the Anglo-Saxon manhood.
And something even greater than that
I believe in the progress of humanity.

We shall outlast the German. Right

Interest allowed on Current Accounts

Fixed Deposits and Savings Deposits

at rates which will be quoted on
application.

N. YANAGITA,
Manager.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

3, Des Voeux Road,

Hongkong, May 1, 1918.

ideals with which England went to war?
Has it modified my opinion as regards
German character? The answer is clear.

That so-called peace emphasizes every-

thing for which England went to war, and
puts into flaming tales, if there are such

things, everything in German character

that is a menace to the happiness of man-

kind. Never before did I see so vividly

how essential it is to defeat Germany.

And never before did I feel so sharply

in my very bones that to bow to Germany

is to accept Germany's will, would mean

our eternal disgrace. Fight on! If

course we must fight on. Is there an

Englishman, after this Russian peace,

who would trust the Germans, who could

THE CHINA MAIL.

WATSON'S

OLD

BROWN BRANDY

25 YEARS IN WOOD.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

TELEPHONE 618.

To-day's Advertisements

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

(Barracks Section).

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that on and from WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant until further notice TIFFINS WILL CEASE to be served on the Train having Kowloon at 1.15 p.m. on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

By Order,

R. BAKER,

Manager.

Kowloon, 25th June, 1918. 547

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

SATURDAY,

the 29th June, 1918, at 10.30 a.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street,

SUNDAY

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

(Removed to Sales Rooms for Convenience of Sale).

Comprising:-

Single Beds, Dressing Tables, Wash-

stands, Stools, Pictures;

etc., etc.

Also A LADY COZY CORNER (upholstered silk tapestry).

And

A new SADDLE AND BRIDLE.

Tennis:-Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, June 21, 1918. 548

KODAKS and FILMS,

PLATES and PAPER,

DEVELOPING & PRINTING

UNDERTAKEN.

A. TACK & CO.,

26, Des Vaux Road Central

369

OVERLAND CHINA MAIL

THE WEEKLY EDITION OF THE "CHINA MAIL".

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

PRICE 25cts. (cash) per Copy

THE CALENDAR.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Linens, &c. at Hughes & Hough.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture &c. at Hughes & Hough.

GENERAL MEMORANDA.

THURSDAY, June 27.—Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement Day.

SATURDAY, June 29.—Indo-China Steam Navigation Co. meeting.

MONDAY, July 1.—General holiday.

SAFE, SURE, ALWAYS CURES.

DO not suffer from cramp colic or pain in the stomach when Chamberlain's Colic, Colitis and Diarrhoea Remedy goes to the right spot and gives immediate relief. You cannot afford to be without it if you are subject to attacks of this kind. For sale by all Chemists and Storeskeepers.

EAST ASIAN MEDICINE

however, from the excuses made for the recent summary execution of General LIU CHIEN CHANG, formerly Chief of the Peking Gendarmerie and afterwards Governor of Shansi Province under YUAN SHIH KAI, and from the various efforts made in recent months to secure a pardon for CHANG HSUN, the monarchist leader often termed the War Lord of China—who is still a refugee in the Dutch Legation at Peking—that developments in China may my day take a surprising turn.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Tank week was formally opened at Hankow with an auction of National War Bonds, which raised the hand-come contribution of £48,300.

Another large Chinese cotton mill with 18,000 spindles, is about to start operations in Shanghai. The total capital is £1,200,000 subscribed by four prominent Chinese, three-fourths of the capital being paid up.

Mr. Brodie Clarke is being sued at Shanghai for £10,000 damages for personal injuries to the child of Mr. E. C. Deugrave, alleged to have been caused by negligent driving of a motor car by defendant's servant.

A landslides at Keling, the Yangtze summer resort, recently carried away two dwelling houses and caused the death of Miss Flora Walker, of the American Church Mission at Wuchang, and a Chinese cook. Other foreigners had a narrow escape.

At the Police Court at Shanghai last week, Sergeant J. Tait of the Municipal Police was committed for trial on a charge of embezzlement. Accused was secretary of the Municipal Service Club and is alleged to have obtained from the club boy £400 cash guarantee. The Treasurer of the Club deposed that he had no knowledge of this.

A house in Kowloon City collapsed early this morning. The house, which was a two-storied structure situated in the old city and was occupied by a number of Chinese who, with one exception, were fortunate in escaping without injuries. The exception was a man who was buried in the debris. The Police were sent for and dug him out but his was found to be extinct. The collapse is believed to be due to the recent heavy rains.

The mysterious malady, which has afflicted Hongkong and other places in the Far East, has been dubbed "Trancoso" in Manila, where it is still playing pranks with the population. It has affected every business in the city, and a Manila contemporary says it will probably cost the city untold thousands to "lost" and "slackened business, in expense for medical assistance, and in delay. The transports at the docks could not be worked, only a few of the regular men being available and the extra men refusing to work for less than £1.50 per day, an example of how the disease is costing money.

At the Magistrate this morning, an elderly Chinese was charged before Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe with stealing a brass tray the property of the Taikoo Sugar Refinery at East Point. It appeared that the defendant who was employed as an engine-driver at the works stole the tray and was seen setting it into pieces with the intention of stuffing it down his trouser leg. Inspector Angus said the defendant had been employed over 20 years in the Refinery and this was the first time he had been arrested for stealing. He would, however, be dismissed from his job. His Worship remarked that had his defendant been a younger man he would have sentenced him to stocks. He would send defendant to prison for six weeks with hard labour.

Latest returns show that there are 5,617 missionaries working in China. Regular Christian worship is carried on at 7,078 different centres. Chinese workers connected with the various missions number 16,067. There are 142 Chinese pastors. In addition to ordained clergy 6,918 other men and 2,272 women are reported to be in evangelistic work. Chinese converts who have been admitted to Holy Communion are stated at 260,666, but the total Christian constituency is 311,142. There are 330 mission hospitals served by 263 missionaries, and 118 Chinese physicians. Of the missionary physicians 166 are women.

Scouts, SURE, ALWAYS CURES. Do not suffer from cramp colic or pain in the stomach when Chamberlain's Colic, Colitis and Diarrhoea Remedy goes to the right spot and gives immediate relief. You cannot afford to be without it if you are subject to attacks of this kind. For sale by all Chemists and Storeskeepers.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Harold Dallas has been elected President of the American Chamber of Commerce at Shanghai.

Many local shipping men will learn with regret of the death at his residence at 483, Kitagata-machi, Yokohama on the 9th, at the age of sixty-six, of Mr. Robert Pavely, for some years Chief Engineer in the service of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. J. H. Mullins, Royal Marine Light Infantry, formerly stationed in Hongkong, has been appointed to the command of the 63rd Division Royal Naval Reserve, with the rank of Brigadier-General. In the Boxer campaign he was at the relief of Tientsin, the capture of Peiyang arsenal, was in charge of the British portion of the railway station at Tientsin, commanded two Krupp guns at the bombardment of Tientsin native city, in the course of which he was wounded, and various other affairs in that vicinity, and he shared in the relief of Peking, including the action of Peitang (medal with "Relief of Peking" clasp).

2nd Lieut. Claude Trenchard Davis of the Queen's Own (Royal West Kent) was in the thick of the big German drive, with the 24th Division, near St. Quentin, from 21st March to 13th April last. The following extract is taken from a letter received by Mr. Trenchard Davis from Private King, No. 240784, R. W. K. Trent Bridge Hospital, Nottingham.—"Your son, Lieut. Trenchard Davis was lying beside me when I got wounded, but had to leave me as the machine guns were playing on us so. But he came out again at the risk of his own life to help me crawl into safety and assisted me to the dressing station. Of course you know I was Mr. Davis' servant, and was his runner on the day I was wounded, following him about wherever he went."

Recent home papers state that among the casualties in the storming of Zeebrugge Harbour was Lieut. George Spencer, R.N.R., who when the war broke out was an officer in the White Star Co., but was transferred to the Navy and given command of a destroyer off the China Coast in 1915. He won the D.S.O., after returning to England for service in action with enemy submarines in 1917. His ship was torpedoed in the Irish Sea in February 1918. He was wounded at Zeebrugge and died later at Gillingham Hospital. Among other gallant officers who lost their lives in the memorable naval enterprise at Zeebrugge, and Oostend were Captain H. C. Halahan, D.S.O., R.N. and Commander V. R. Gibbs, R.N., both well known on the China Station a few years ago.

DAYLIGHT ROBBERS IN HONGKONG.

EUROPEAN LADY ATTACKED IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

What can only be characterized as a most daring attempt at daylight robbery was perpetrated on an European lady on Bowen Road, yesterday afternoon.

The lady was walking along Bowen Road, and at about 3.15 had reached a portion of the road where house construction is in progress, near the Military Hospital. Just as she had reached a point in full view of the Chinese coolies working on the building, a Chinese crept up behind her and grabbed her by the neck, and another Chinese accomplice showed signs of further violence, and tried to snatch the lady's bag from her. She screamed out, and after a brief struggle the robbers, apparently alarmed that the cries might be heard, made off. The extraordinary part of the affair is that the lady stated the attempt was made in full view of the coolies working on the house-building operations, but not one of them made an attempt to help, and callously allowed the villains to escape. The lady then made her way a little further along the road in a state of great fright and was eventually assisted into a chair and went straight to her husband's office and a report to the police was made.

The lady states that the robbers appeared to be house painters for their clothes were covered with splashes of paint, but whoever they were, they must be counted the most daring of villains to make such an attempt under such conditions.

Fortunately, the desperadoes did not secure any valuables, and the lady was not injured, but was naturally greatly frightened and suffered a severe shock.

Up to the time of going to press no arrests have been made.

Agricultural machinery is being handed to the peasants in exchange for bread.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

CHARGE OF ROBBERY.

CHINESE POLICE CADETS' EXPLOITS.

The case in which Ng Yuen Kap, alias Ng Hok Sau, Tang Lau and Chan Shu Kwei were charged with robbery by two or more and with receiving stolen property, was resumed this morning before Mr. Justice Gompertz.

The first accused stated from the witness box, in reply to Mr. Alabaster, that at one time he was a cadet in the Police High School at Canton. He was there for three years and graduated in 1911. He was then transferred to Kungmou Police Station where he remained for six months. In 1912 the revolution broke out and he went back to Canton, but finding everything in disorder he came to Hongkong. Subsequently he got an appointment as a chief detective, but there was another disturbance and the control of Police was turned over to another official, so he resigned. He came into possession of the ten sovereigns by changing them for the third accused.

In reply to the Crown Solicitor, accused said he had held high appointments in the Chinese police, such as Deputy Superintendent, etc. He had pawned certain articles of clothing recently because when he went to Canton he did not want to take them with him. He pawned a coat for which he gave \$16 for \$2.50. He also pawned another coat a few days later. He was hard up for money. He also pawned some chopsticks, also to save himself the trouble of taking them to Canton with him. He went by rail to Canton the next day.

After hearing further evidence the jury found all the accused guilty.

His Lordship sentenced the first accused to five years' hard labour and the second and third accused each to four years' hard labour. His Lordship remarked that he considered the first accused the ringleader.

POPULAR PIANO RECITAL.

By kind permission of the Council, Mr. Duncan Fuller will give a Piano Recital of light and popular music at the Helena May Institute on Monday, July 15th at 5.45 p.m. with Mrs. R. K. Duncan as the vocalist. This Recital will be open to all, but a collection will be made at the conclusion which will go intact to the Prisoners of War Fund for which help is urgently needed.

The programme will include such popular pieces as Liszt's 12th Rhapsody, Chopin's Valse in A flat, a group of pieces by Chamisso, Grieg, Paderewski, Rachmaninoff and other well-known composers in addition to other well-known items. Mrs. Duncan will sing a group of songs by British composers including "Oh to be in England" by Brabe.

THEIR MAJESTIES' SILVER WEDDING.

The following telegram is being sent to Her Majesty Queen Mary:

"Three hundred and fifty-one women of Hongkong present their humble duty to Her Majesty and respectfully beg to tender one thousand and twenty-five pounds as a token of affectionate loyalty on the occasion of Their Majesties' Silver Wedding."

THE LIVING DEVL IN HONGKONG.

In the Criminal Court this morning one of the Chinese, accused of robbery, for which three men were on trial, was said to have stated in his sworn evidence at the Police Court that when he was arrested a foreign detective pointed a revolver at him and said "I am the living devil."

We suggest his Satanic Majesty should put himself on show at the Theatre Royal, or a like place, and charge a fee for inspection, the proceeds to go to War Charities. Quite a respectable sum should be raised.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE.

The Return showing the number of cases of communicable diseases which have been notified as occurring in the Colony of Hongkong during the week ended the 22nd June, shows:

Cases Death

Bubonic Plague 20 17

Diphtheria 2 2

Fever, Enteric 10 9

Cerebral Spinal Fever 25 22

Total 82,934 & 230

Queen's College beat Stonecutters by 55 games to 44. Scores:

Chow Man-chan and Nagano lost to White and Knight 4-7 games.

Chow Man-chan and Nagano lost to Hartop and Carnithers 8-8 games.

Lo Man-han and Liang beat White and Knight 6-5 games.

Lo Man-han and Liang lost to Hartop and Carnithers 8-8 games.

Lo Man-han and Liang beat Turner and Dunbar 7-4 games.

Lo Man-han and Liang beat White and Knight 8-7 games.

Lo Man-han and Liang beat Hartop and Carnithers 7-4 games.

Lo Man-han and Liang beat Turner and Dunbar 7-4 games.

Lo Man-han and Liang beat Hartop and Carnithers 7-4 games.

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Lo Man-han and Liang beat Hartop and Carnithers 7-4 games.

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TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

ELOQUENT APPEAL TO IRISHMEN.
THIS IS NO HOUR FOR TRICK OR BARGAIN.

LONDON, June 23.

The Press Bureau states:—The Irish Government has issued an appeal to all Irishmen, signed by the Irish Recruiting Council, consisting of Messrs. A. M. Sullivan, Maurice Dockrell, H. McLaughlin and Stephen Gwynn, which is as follows:—

"By His Excellency's request we have undertaken to organise a voluntary enlistment campaign to be carried on by our own people in their own methods and in their own way. We are conscious of the difficulties. Nevertheless, we believe we shall receive willing support from even those suffering from dismanagement and disappointed hope, for all must realise that the first necessity for a peaceful settlement of Ireland's troubles must be the defeat of the traitors of our honour and of our common Christianity."

"Two years ago our sons and brothers marched shoulder to shoulder. They went in answer to Ireland's call. As they pledged their lives for our country they pledged her honour. They should not die in vain nor should the ranks lack comrades while a soul remains in Erin. The voices of the living and the dead implore us to keep our faith! The war-worn remnants of the Irish brigades are reeling beneath the blows of tyranny that would quench the lamp of Freedom in Europe. This island is but the cradle of a Greater Ireland that lies beyond the seas. That Greater Ireland, from Adelaide to Brisbane and from San Francisco to New York, is heart and soul behind the men in Flanders. Our countrymen the world over stand aghast at our inaction. Their friendship is growing cold."

"This is no hour for trick or bargain. Whatever bitterness must be left over the record of the opportunities lost and promises not kept, we are confident that the answer to our appeal must come from the heart and conscience of a nation, that has never yet sold herself to wrong or asked a price for doing the right. We believe that its response to duty's voice will always prove that we trust the wisdom of the most far-sighted statesmanship. Never doubting the power of Justice and Right to move Irishmen's hearts, we appeal to all to join us in this work of patriotism. If all lovers of liberty, truth and honour range themselves on our side our Irish heroes, with new strength and hope, will quickly restore the name of Ireland to its honoured place among the nations of the world."

SCARCITY OF SILVER IN EGYPT.

ISSUE OF LOW VALUE NOTES.

CAIRO, June 22.

In connection with the issue of low value notes, the Government notifies that the silver circulation, which was 2½ million piastres at the beginning of the war, is now 7 millions owing to various causes, including the hoarding propensities of the small cultivators. Similar conditions prevail generally in the East, notably in India and Japan. Thus the silver penny has imposed the obligation to issue notes owing to the impossibility, despite the flourishing finance, to either buy or stamp silver.

Siegeonrige will henceforth be devoted to the withdrawal of notes. The population is urged not to hoard, as the Government hopes to secure considerable supplies of silver before the next cotton season.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, June 22.

The Silver Market is steady. There is a good Government demand.

SOMETHING DEPENDABLE.

DIARRHEA is always more or less prevalent during this weather. Be prepared with C. Cumberland Colic Cure and Diarrhoea. Benedict's prompt and efficient. It can always be depended upon. For sale w/ all Chemists and Druggists.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

TANKS USED WITH SUCCESS.

PREPARING THE ROAD FOR THE INFANTRY.

LONDON, June 23.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters, telegraphing to-day, says:—

Last night Tanks were used for the first time in a raiding operation near Bucquoy and proved satisfactory, penetrating the enemy lines unhindered and returning safely.

Their mission was partly to beat down the path for the infantry in which they were successful. They also aroused considerable machine-gunner opposition. Our progress was thereby restricted to the eastern margin of Bucquoy cemetery.

The enemy heavily shelled the St. Ruzelle railway, where his attempt to hold our lines failed with considerable losses.

NOTHING TO REPORT.

LONDON, June 23.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

There is nothing to report.

FIGHTING IN THE AIR.

ACTIVITY HINDERED BY WEATHER.

LONDON, June 23.

Reuter's Correspondent at French Headquarters says:—Clouds and winds hindered activity on the 22nd. There was no air-fighting.

The weather permitted of greater activity at night. Fifteen tons of bombs were dropped on a dump at Bapaume, the railway stations at Armentieres, Steenwerk, and Bae St. Maix and the docks at Bruges.

AMERICANS IMPROVE THEIR POSITIONS.

LONDON, June 24.

An American official report states: Despite opposition, we again improved our positions to the northwest of Chateau Thierry. We repulsed a raid on the Vosges.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, June 23.

A wireless German official report states:—We took 36 Italian prisoners to the south-west of Liebenau.

HOW BRAZIL IS HELPING THE ALLIES.

NAVY GUARDING TRANSPORT OF FOODSTUFFS.

LONDON, June 23.

Admiral Francisco De Mattos, Chief of the Brazilian Naval Mission to Europe, in an interview, said that Brazil was already doing patrol work with British and American Fleets, guarding the transport of foodstuffs from Brazil. When the war broke out 53 German ships were interned in Brazilian ports, of which 33, aggregating a quarter million tons, had been ceded to France. It is predicted an Allied victory next year.

HONGKONG STEEL FOUNDRY CO., LIMITED.

The Report for presentation to the shareholders at the eighth ordinary General Meeting is as follows:—

The General Managers have now the pleasure to submit their annual report and statement of the Company's accounts made up to 31st May, 1918.

The net profit for the year ended 31st May, 1918, after allowing for interest, Auditor's and General Managers' Fees and writing off depreciation on Company's Plant, Machinery and Launces, etc., is £34,422.16. This amount together with the sum of £21,558.55 undistributed profits brought forward from last year makes an available balance of £55,981.16 which it is resolved to appropriate as follows:—

To pay a dividend of £100.

per share £ 7,008.00

per share 7,408.00

pay a bonus to staff 21,369.66

place to Reserve Fund 1,880.00

carry forward to credit of

next year's account 7,132.60

£ 55,981.16

The accounts under review have been audited by Mr. C. Bernard Brown, A.C.A., who is eligible for re-appointment.

GOHION & CO., General Managers.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

BRITISH METHODS AGAINST SUBMARINES.

GERMAN ASSERTION REFUTED.

LONDON, June 23.

Interesting narratives from a reliable source completely refute the German assertions regarding the alleged inefficacy of depth charges and other British methods of coping with submarines.

For example, on a bright moonlight night a British patrol boat noticed a submarine half a mile distant, apparently recharging. The captain immediately put on full speed in the direction of the U-boat with the object of ramming her before she was able to submerge. The latter succeeded in submerging but the patrol boat came up and dropped six depth charges and then fired a shell at the centre of the visible disturbance. Large quantities of oil came to the surface and crews for help were heard. One survivor only was found.

Besides the case of the German submarine cruiser torpedoed by a British submarine near Cape St. Vincent on May 11, other instances have occurred. For example, a British submarine exploded and successfully rammed an enemy submarine. The Britisher cut through the enemy plates and remained imbedded. Both craft endeavoured to extricate themselves and the enemy, through using her ballast tanks almost came to the surface, bringing the Britisher along. Then the U-boat drew away in great difficulty, apparently frantically endeavouring to keep afloat but subsequently sank.

Two other cases of successful torpedoing of German submarines are mentioned, in one of which the opposing craft were engaged in deadly attempts for nearly half-an-hour to obtain a favourable position. The superior British navigation won.

A POLISH ARMY IN FRANCE.

FRENCH PRESIDENT PRESENTS FLAG.

LONDON, June 23.

Reuter's Correspondent at the French Headquarters says that M. Poincaré on June 22 presented a flag to the new Polish army which is composed mainly of Poles from the United States and also includes many Poles who have fought for France since the beginning of the war.

Polish national music, which has been prohibited in Poland under the German "liberator" on pain of death, was played.

BOLSHEVIST RULE OVERTHROWN IN SAMARA.

AMSTERDAM, June 23.

A message from Moscow received via Berlin, states that the Bolshevik rule has been overthrown in Samara and the old Russian flag has been hoisted at several places.

PUNISHING THE HUN.

MERCHANT SAILORS' METHODS.

LONDON, June 23.

M. Havelock Wilson in a speech at London stated that the Seamen's Union had received a cablegram from Rotterdam stating that Dutch sailors refused to sail with M. Troelstra, the Dutch Labour delegate.

M. Wilson emphasized that the refusal was another striking example of Allied and neutral seamen to punish the Hun for his diabolical deeds at sea.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Orders issued by Mr. F. C. Jenkins, D.S.P. (R.).

The following results to date are published for information.

(a) Passed with Credit.

P.C. 422 Thompson, Water Police.

Trooper 495 Hall, Mounted Police.

794 Hodge, "

745 Ainslie, "

P.C. 693 Nazarau, No. 2 Platoon,

812 Moosden, "

(b) Passed.

P.C. 684 Fisher, Water Police.

690 Aitken, "

673 Henderson, "

468 Taylor, "

671 Nicoll, "

Trooper 773 Smirk, Mounted Police.

742 Galloway, "

888 Hall, "

493 Boddy, "

Trooper 526 Arnold, "

P.C. 694 Hyder No. 2 Platoon,

418 Hader, "

540 Mahood, "

809 U. M. Omar, "

451 C.G. Mathew, "

685 A. G. Sofield, "

832 Santas, "

429 Moosden, "

807 Juman, "

737 Hyder, "

Sergeant 694 Rumjahn, "

829 Current, "

COMPANY SERGEANT MAJORS.

Will attend at Headquarters Office at 5.15 p.m. on Thursday, July 27th to discuss training of recent recruits.

HELMETS.

Helmets (without spikes) are, until further orders, to be worn (a) by Patrolmen on first shift duty, (b) by Search Supervisors going on duty at 6.30 p.m. and (c) by Mounted Police going on duty at or before 6.30 p.m.

JOINED.

No. 2 Platoon—P.C. 422 Emen Dean, By Order,

T. F. Horan, A.S.P. (R), and Adjunct.

PRINCE ARTHUR IN JAPAN.

ELABORATE PROGRAMME OF FESTIVITIES.

TOKIO, June 17.

No visit of a foreign royalty has been heartily and sincerely welcomed in as much as the arrival of H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught tomorrow morning, when he brings the baton of Marshal to the Emperor.

British Field Marshal the Earl of Kinnaird, the Prince of Connaught to-morrow morning, when he brings the baton of Marshal to the Emperor.

IN TOKIO,

The Imperial train with H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught aboard arrived at the Central Station at 11.30 o'clock this morning, where the Emperor personally received His Royal Highness. After an exchange of cordial greetings Prince Arthur, in company with the Emperor, reviewed the guards drawn up on the platform.

Prince Arthur thereafter drove to Prince Kuniaki's Palace with Prince Kuniaki, and in the same carriage. The specie of all arms, fenced with soldiers, the Division and belonging to the Guards. The First Division, Guards, were from the British Mission School.

Yokohama will be decorated with flags and triumphal arches in honour of the distinguished guest.

Prince Arthur will travel to Tokio in the Imperial train. On his arrival there H. I. M. the Emperor personally meets him.

The preparations in Tokio are on a most elaborate scale. The whole city has been ordered to display the British and Japanese flags on every house and lanterns at night-time. Triumphal arches have been erected and troops will line the entire route from the station to Kasumigaseki Palace, where the Prince will reside during his stay.

No official programme is announced for the first evening. The presentation of the baton of a British Field Marshal to the Emperor on Wednesday will be followed by a luncheon at Kasumigaseki Palace. Prince Arthur the same afternoon and in the evening Prince Arthur will be the guest of honour at a banquet at the Imperial Palace. On the third day there will be a reception at Kasumigaseki Palace with a dinner at the British Embassy in the evening.

Ten days will be filled with receptions, dinners and garden parties. On the last night Prince Arthur attends a performance of "Kismet" given by the Tokio Amateur Dramatic Club, the Prince, and his suite occupying the Imperial boxes. The entire house, seating 2,000, has been sold out.

After Prince Arthur visits places of interest in Japan accompanied by his suite.

THE ROYAL ARRIVAL.

June 18.

A rocket fired at Kasumigaseki Point early this morning announced that the ship carrying Prince Arthur of Connaught had been sighted. All the ships in Yokohama harbour were decked with bunting and the 2nd Squadron, specially detailed for the purpose, fired a royal salute.

When the ship had dropped anchor Vice-Admiral Yamaya, Commander-in-Chief of the 2nd Squadron, in command with Field Marshal Viscount Kawamura, Chief of the Reception Committee, and others boarded the "Shinyo Maru" to receive His Royal Highness and bring him to land on board a naval launch.

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TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1918

THE CHINA MAIL.

SHIPPING

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT
TO

MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO
STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong Noon	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo.	Due Marseilles	Due London

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO
Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in
Hongkong at the time of Booking.
On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND
YOKOHAMA.

S. S.	Leave Hongkong About

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS (Non-Transit).

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS,
WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR

MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

Calling at SINGAPORE, FORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO
AND PORT SAID.

CARRYING 1st AND 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

PROPOSED SAILINGS:

STEAMERS	Leave Hongkong about	Leave Singapore about	Due at Marseilles if calling about	Due London about

THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth Furnished
with an Electric Reading Lamp.Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing ships are liable to be
cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents
regarding arrival of consignments expect 1 of which they have received despatch
or advice.Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the
Consignees and the Company's Surveyors. Messrs Goddard and Sons, at 10 a.m.
on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the
steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will
be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.For Further Information, Passage Fare, Freight, Handbooks, Dates of Sailings
etc., apply to.P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(JAPAN MAIL S. S. CO.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT SAILING DATES

Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama 12,500 tons TUES., 8th July, 11 a.m.

Kodomo Maru, Kawachi Maru, 12,500 tons FRI., 19th July, 11 a.m.

Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama 12,500 tons SAT., 20th July, 11 a.m.

Tango Maru, 13,500 tons SAT., 17th Aug. 11 a.m.

Shanghai, Moji & Kobe

London or Liverpool via Spore, Colombo, Delagoa Bay & Cape Town

Melbourne via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Is., Townsville, Brisbane, & Sydney

New York via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco & Panama Canal

Bombay via Singapore, Malacca, & Colombo

Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon

* Omitting Shanghai and/or Moji

* Wireless Telegraphy.

HONGKONG-VICTORIA B.C.-SEATTLE

V.I.A.

Manila, Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu & Yokohama.

Operated by the magnificent and splendidly equipped
Passenger Steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Suwa Maru," "Kashima Maru" and "Katori Maru," each of over 20,000
tons displacement.

Next sailing from Hongkong:

"Katori Maru," FRIDAY, 18th July, 11 a.m.

"Suwa Maru," WEDNESDAY, 14th August, 11 a.m.

* Omitting Manila Eastbound

For further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

B. MORI Manager.

Telephone 222 & 233

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

HIS RETURN TO THE BATTLE FIELD.

In view of the fact that Saturday last was the Prince of Wales' birthday, the following article which recently appeared in the London "Daily Chronicle" from the pen of a special correspondent is, of topical interest:

"The Prince of Wales," said the "Daily Chronicle," attended by Captain the Lord Claud N. Hamilton (Grenadier Guards), has left the Palace on his return to the Front.

The event, and the announcement of it only after it had happened, were characteristic of the way the members of the Royal Family go about their duties. If ever there was an occasion that lent itself to popular appeal this surely was one. The thought of the heir to the British Throne in this supreme crisis of British history returning to the Front to resume his share of the perils of the mightiest struggle in human annals is one to move all men's hearts and imaginations. Had the people of London known beforehand that he was going they would gladly have thronged the streets to give him a send-off that, while loud in form, would have been mutual in the feeling behind it. The Prince, had he chosen, could have driven from the Palace to the station between cheering and enthusiastic crowds, the central figure in a popular pageant, and could have started on his momentous journey with the good wishes of his fellow-countrymen ringing in his ears.

But that is not his way: it is not the way of the House of Windsor: it is not the British way. There was no display, no bid for applause, nothing that could even remotely suggest self-advertisement. The Prince slipped away unannounced and unnoticed, just like any ordinary officer; and the public did not even know he was going until he had gone.

CHARACTER AND TEMPERAMENT.

The Prince of Wales must have taken back with him many pleasant recollections of his leave in England. The few weeks have brought him as closely in touch with the people at home as the last three years and more have brought him in touch with the soldiers at the Front. He visited Wales, Cornwall, the Clyde, hospitals and munition works; he has taken his seat in the House of Lords; he has become inevitably a public figure in whom all are interested; there is a keen desire to arrive at some definite impression of his character and temperament.

No one doubt that the Prince is shapening more than well. It would be odd if he were not. Born into one of the happiest, least ostentatious, hardest-working households in the land, the son of a father whose whole life is governed by a sense of duty, and of a mother whose warm-heartedness and practicality have never shone forth so clearly as in these grim days, he began life under the soundest and most wholesome auspices. His education continued and confirmed the good start that birth and heredity had given him. "There is no place in the world," William IV. used to say, "for making, an English gentleman like the quarter-deck of an English man-of-war." The Prince was thrust early, first at Osborne and then at Dartmouth, into the strict democracy of the British Navy; and the lessons in orderliness, self-restraint and duty that a boy there learned—apart from the supreme lesson that being a Prince is not everything—are of the kind that last, and insensibly form character along honest and manly lines. Oxford and Paris and the specialised intensive training that all in his position have to undergo completed the Prince's education, or the formal part of it, and turned him out a good average specimen of hardy, clear, natural English youth.

But the Prince himself would say that his real education only began with the

war. From the first moment of its outbreak he had but one ambition—to get out to the Front, and the weeks he spent in fighting Lord Kitchener, and tradition and a nervous officialdom, on that point, were probably the most exasperating in his whole life. A friend of his was describing to me a little while ago an evening when the Prince was dining with the Guards during the retreat from Maubeuge. Although the dinner telephone was ringing, first for this officer and then for that, and each as he received his happy summons to the Front made his excuses and went jubilantly off. But no one rang for the Prince. Aching to serve and prove himself, he seemed almost the only officer present whom the War Office did not want. With each fresh good-bye his loneliness, his depression, his apparent uselessness became more marked. At last he could contain himself no longer. With tears in his eyes and a choking voice, he burst forth, "I can't stand it; I can't stand it. They must let me go."

And so last they did...

FROM BOY TO MAN.

I will not say that the last three and a half years have been the making of the Prince. In the fundamentals of character, in all that really matters, he was made already. I mean that long before the war began he had given proof of the qualities that every parent looks and hopes for in his son and his son's friends—truthfulness, generosity, stability, an instinctive uprightness, and simplicity of mind and nature. But what the war has done for him is to turn a boy into a man. It has brought him experiences otherwise unimaginable. It has thrown him into intimate contact with all sorts and conditions of men. He has seen life, and he has seen death in the rear and at close range. Not since the days of the Black Prince has my heir to the British throne had such a schooling.

And it is all a part of his native keenness and vitality that the Prince has claimed the right to run the risks and share in the danger of his brother officers. He could no more be a cottonwood soldier than he could be a sprig or a milk-sop. The decorative security of a job at Headquarters very soon sickened him. He would not rest till he had got himself attached to a fighting division, had done duty in the trenches, and had learned in first hand what it is to be shot over.

Those who know him best tell me that the chief change wrought in him by the war is an added confidence and self-reliance. And yet on one like myself, who has only recently met him, the first impression he makes is that of being young for his years. The last traces of his boyhood show themselves in a certain diffidence of manner, a diffidence, however, delightfully in keeping with his fresh, young face, his frank gaze, and a total lack of any kind of affectation. The Prince will be none the worse for maturing late. He has, I should judge, an observant mind and his father's habit of thinking for himself, and if he learns life thoroughly he will learn it all the more thoroughly.

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